

# Structural and Magnetic Properties of Spinel $\text{FeV}_2\text{O}_4$

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# Introduction

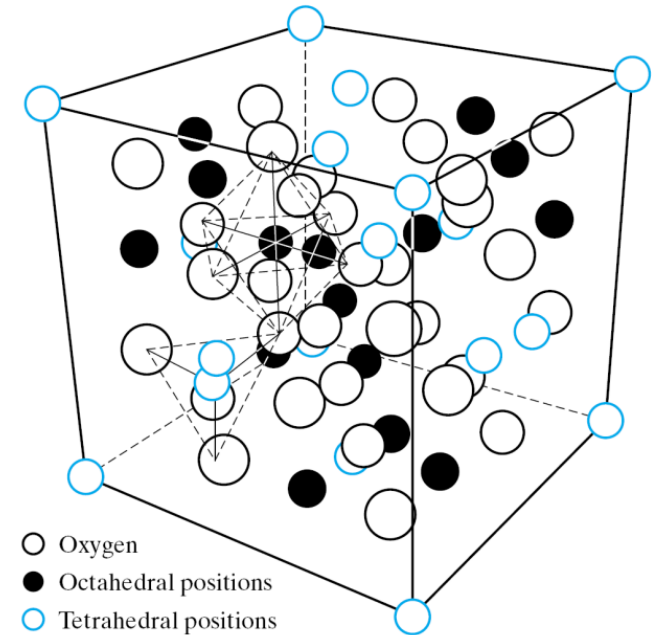
- 1 site having orbital degrees of freedom

	$T_s$ (Cubic $\rightarrow$ tetragonal)	$T_N$
ZnV <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	50K (a>c)	40K
MnV <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	57K (a>c)	57K
FeCr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	135K (a>c)	80K

Ref.

S.-H. Lee, D. Louca, H. Ueda, S. Park, T. J. Sato, M. Isobe, Y. Ueda, S. Rosenkranz, P. Zschack, J. Íñiguez, Y. Qiu, and R. Osborn: [Phys. Rev. Lett. 93 \(2004\) 156407\[APS\]](#).  
 T. Suzuki, M. Katsumura, K. Taniguchi, T. Arima, and T. Katsufuji: [Phys. Rev. Lett. 98 \(2007\) 127203\[APS\]](#)  
 M. Tanaka, T. Tokoro, and Y. Aiyama: [J. Phys. Soc. Jpn. 21 \(1966\) 262\[IPAP\]](#).

Spinel structure (AB<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>)



[From F. G. Brockman, Bull. Am. Chem. Soc. 47, 186(1967)]

- 2 sites having orbital degrees of freedom

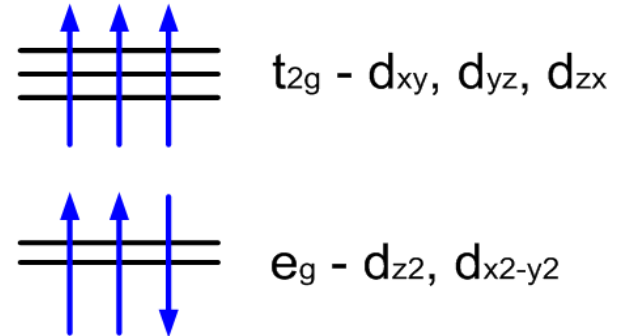
-FeV<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>: several  $T_s$  and 1  $T_N$

## Structural and Magnetic Properties of Spinel FeV<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> with Two Ions Having Orbital Degrees of Freedom

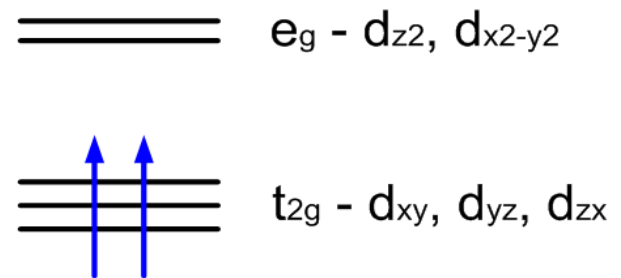
Takuro KATSUFUJI<sup>1,2,3</sup>, Takehito SUZUKI<sup>1</sup>, Haruki TAKEI<sup>1</sup>, Masao SHINGU<sup>1</sup>,  
 Kenichi KATO<sup>4,5,6</sup>, Keiichi OSAKA<sup>5</sup>, Masaki TAKATA<sup>4,5,6</sup>,  
 Hajime SAGAYAMA<sup>7</sup>, and Taka-hisa ARIMA<sup>7</sup>

# FeV<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

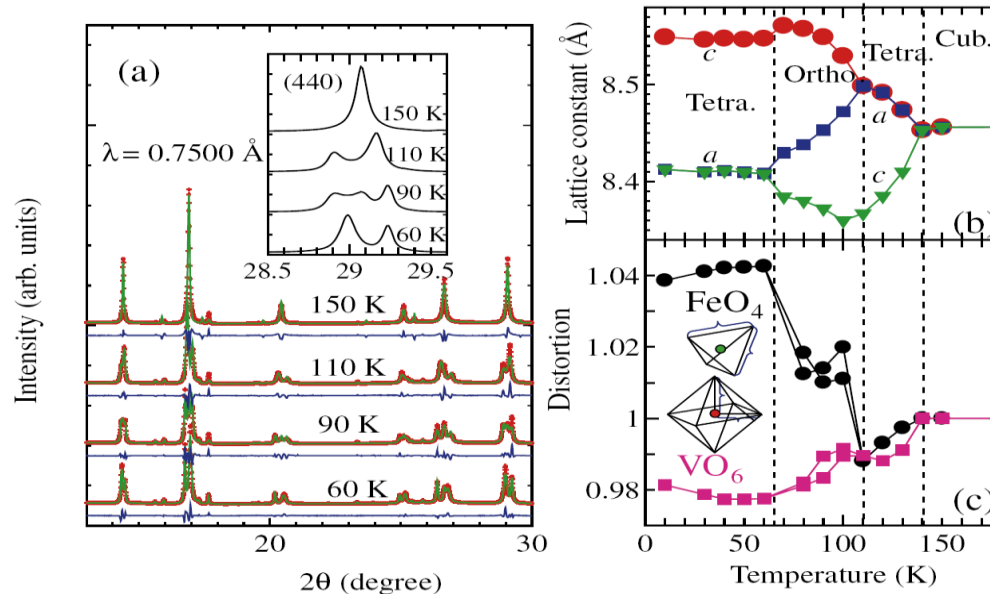
- Fe<sup>2+</sup>
  - S=2
  - high-spin electron
  - In the tetrahedral site



- V<sup>3+</sup>
  - S=1
  - high-spin electron
  - In the octahedral site

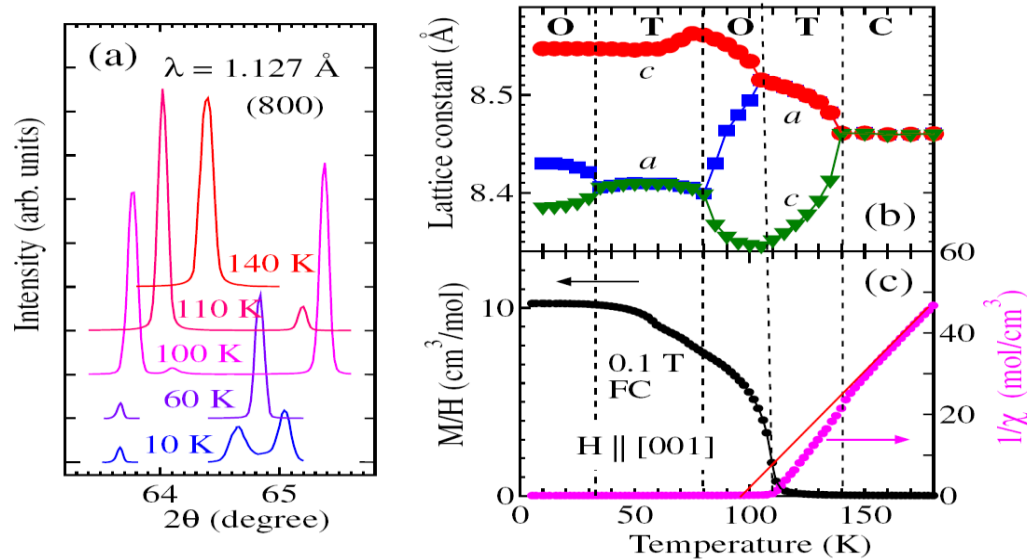


# X-ray powder diffraction



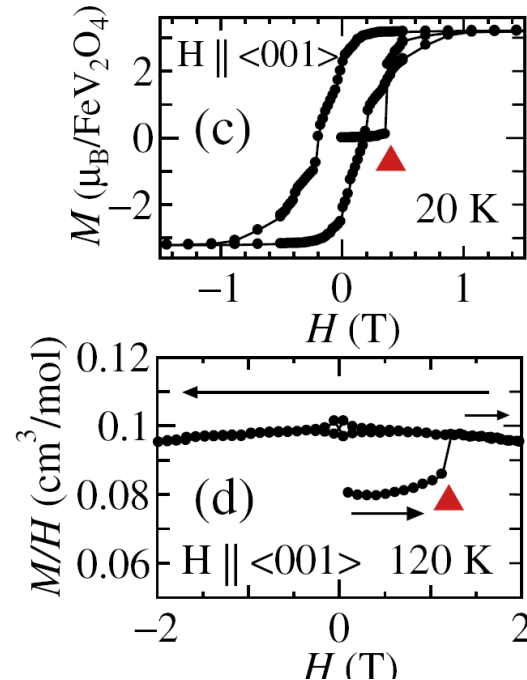
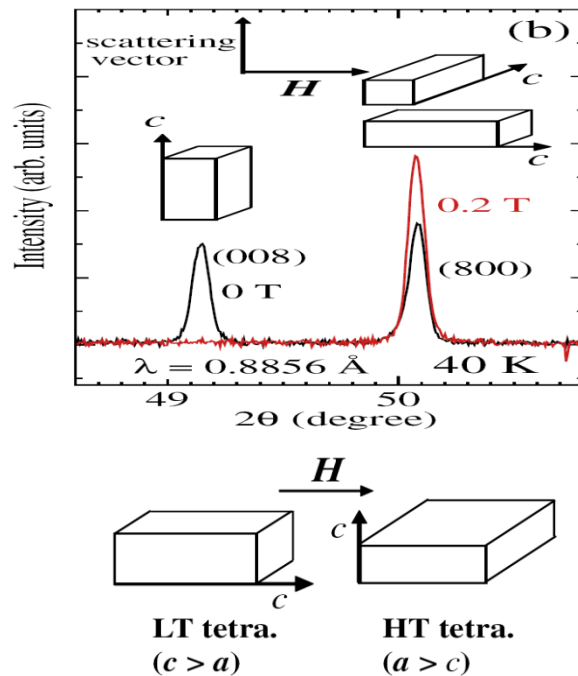
- Structural phase transition (with decreasing temperature)
  - cubic  $\rightarrow$  tetragonal  $\rightarrow$  orthorhombic  $\rightarrow$  tetragonal
- $\text{VO}_6$  : compressed
- $\text{FeO}_4$  : compressed (high-temperature tetragonal)  $\rightarrow$  elongated (orthorhombic and low-temperature tetragonal)

# X-ray diffraction on the Single crystal



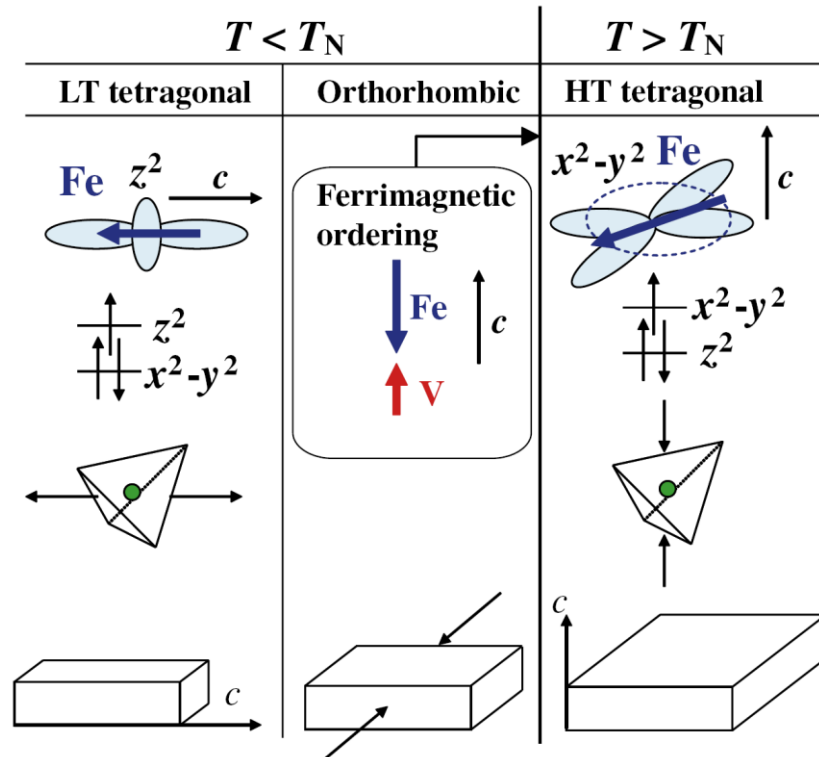
- Structural phase transition (with decreasing temperature)
  - cubic  $\rightarrow$  tetragonal  $\rightarrow$  orthorhombic  $\rightarrow$  tetragonal  $\rightarrow$  orthorhombic
- Temperature dependence of magnetization
- Coupling between the magnetism and the crystal structure

# Alignment of crystalline domain



- C-axis is aligned along the magnetic field direction at 0.2T
- The alignment of crystalline domain affects the magnetization curve
- Multi domain structure  $\rightarrow$  single domain structure
- Magnetic anisotropy energy

# Possible microscopic mechanism



- t2g energy state splitting because of Jahn-Teller distortion
- Orbital polarization of Fe<sup>2+</sup> induced the ferrimagnetic ordering
- Spin orientation of Fe<sup>2+</sup> is determined through the coupling with the V<sup>3+</sup> spin
- Orbital state of Fe<sup>2+</sup> and lattice distortion is determined by the magnetic anisotropy

## summary

- $\text{FeV}_2\text{O}_4$  have unique structural phase transition
- Magnetic easy axis
  - along the ab-plane HT tetragonal phase
  - along the c axis LT tetragonal phase
- Competition and cooperation of  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$  and  $\text{V}^{3+}$  make structural phase transition